

MEETING SUMMARY MEETING OF CSLF PROJECTS INTERACTION AND REVIEW TEAM Pau, France 15 March 2010

(Note: this Meeting Summary was developed with the assistance of Stefan Bachu)

Meeting Participants:

Technical Group Delegates

Clinton Foster (Australia)

Stefan Bachu (Canada)

Didier Bonijoly (France)

Pierre Le Thiez (France)

Shinichi Terada (Japan)

Harry Schreurs (Netherlands)

Trygve Riis (Norway)

Fred Goede (South Africa)

Tony Surridge (South Africa)

Joseph Giove (United States)

George Guthrie (United States)

Allied Organizations

Bill Koppe (Global CCS Institute)

Neil Wildgust (IEA GHG)

Stakeholders and Observers

Wishart Robson (Nexen - Canada)

Olivier Bouc (BRGM - France)

Rabih Chammas (Oxand - France)

Derek Taylor (Bellona – Belgium/Norway)

Olivier Poupard (Oxand – France)

Sylvain Thibeau (Total – France)

CSLF Secretariat

John Panek

Rich Lynch

Technical Group Delegates from Australia, Canada, France, Japan, Netherlands, Norway, South Africa and the United States were present for the meeting, as were representatives of the IEA Greenhouse Gas R&D Programme (IEA GHG), the Global CCS Institute (GCCSI), and several stakeholders. The PIRT Chairman, Clinton Foster of Australia, offered his thanks to the previous PIRT chair, Nick Otter of the United Kingdom, for his diligence and years of service. Chairman Foster then reviewed the action items resulting from the PIRT Canberra meeting of February 1-3, 2010.

On behalf of the project sponsors, Chairman Foster presented the Gorgon project, a gasproducing and CO₂ separation and storage project offshore northwestern Australia, for recognition by CSLF. The project is being operated by Chevron, and although somewhat similar to Statoil's Sleipner project in terms of CO₂ capture, it is greatly different in scale (i.e., approx. 10 times larger). The Gorgon Project is also different from Sleipner in the CO₂ transport and storage components. Special legislation was passed by the state of Western Australia to permit it in a sensitive ecological area (protected Barrow Island), and an extensive Environmental Impact Assessment was performed for the project to proceed. Besides Australia, the Gorgon project was also nominated by Canada and the United States, and was approved by consensus and recommended by the PIRT for approval by the Technical Group.

Other actions by the PIRT at this meeting were:

- Approval of the revised PIRT Terms of Reference
- Approval of the schedule for updating the CSLF Technology Roadmap
- Approval of a plan for analyzing CSLF-recognized projects in relation to technology gaps
- Approval of a proposal for engaging CSLF-recognized projects and attracting new projects, including a CSLF Projects Workshop that would be held some time in the future
- Approval of a revised CSLF Project Submission Form
- Approval of a recommendation that the CSLF Charter be extended beyond its expiry date of 2013
- Development of ideas for enhanced collaboration with the IEA GHG and GCCSI, including proposals for new IEA GHG projects

All of the PIRT's actions were brought forward to the full Technical Group for its consideration.