

DONG energy







- Develop CO<sub>2</sub>-capture technologies capable of wide national and international deployment
- Reduce cost and technical, environmental and financial risks related to large scale CO<sub>2</sub>-capture
- Test, verify and demonstrate CO<sub>2</sub>-capture technology owned and marketed by Vendors
- Encourage the development of a market for such technology







## TCM on track – Start-up in 4Q 2011

- Planning is completed except negotiation of EPC contract with Alstom for chilled ammonia
- Site preparation and other civil work is ongoing
- Aker Clean Carbon has been awarded contract to supply the amine plant
- Agreements with Mongstad Refinery concluded
- The State and StatoilHydro decided in December to commence further preparations
- TCM DA will be established before sanction
- Parliament expected to pass bill on 7 May to sanction investment
- Formal project sanction in May 2009 by TCM DA owners
- Start-up of TCM plant planned for 4rd quarter 2011









# TCM on track – Start-up in 4Q 2011 (Cont.)

- Work in the intermediate period financed by the State and StatoilHydro
- Capital expenditure estimate per 31.3.09 at NOK 4,2 billion excl VAT
- Statoil Hydro's share of the investment will be 20 % and the State's 80%
- The State will dilute its share by inviting industrial partners
- Present partners have right of first refusal then others will be approached
- The state offer's industrial partners to invest approximately 2,4 % each of capital expenditure budget and operating costs









# **TCM Overall Concept**









# **Design Capacities**



- •Simultaneous operation is possible
- •Feed gas flexibility
- Smallest duct sizes
- Meets 100 000 t/yr production
- Exhaust Gas Recycling with CO<sub>2</sub> recycle (5% 9% CO<sub>2</sub>)

Blue case: 22 + 73 = 95 ktCO2/yr Green case: 82 + 25 = 107 KtCO2/yr









## **European CO2 Test Centre Mongstad layout**











## **Mongstad site**







## **Amine Technology**

#### Advantages:

- Known technology
- Pilot units and references
- Simple, flexible, independent
- Improvement potential

#### **Disadvantages:**

- High energy demand
- Waste and corrosion
- Large and costly equipment
- Uncertain HSE effects

#### **TCM Objective:**

#### Test and qualify improvements of existing technology











### **TCM Amine Plant Ilustration**











### **Chilled Ammonia Technology**

#### Advantages:

- Decreased steam load compared to MEA
- Exceeds CO2 capacity of MEA
- High pressure regeneration
- Low cost reagent
- Expected good HSE performance (little waste and harmful emissions)

#### Disadvantages

- Immature (high risks)
- NH3 emissions must be avoided
- Equipment must handle solids
- High refrigeration load
- Slow kinetics

## TCM objective: Qualify new CO2 capture technology











## **Chilled ammonia plant**











## **CAPEX** and **OPEX**

Total CAPEX estimated at BNOK 4.2 per 31.3.09 (Ex VAT)

Infrastructure and interfaces to refinery and power plant represents nearly 2/3 of capex

• OPEX estimated to be MNOK 150 – 250 annually

Major opex items are steam, electricity and personnel costs



















## **Pipe racks**



## **Seawater Cooling System**



GASSNOVA

## TCM – Organisation







